



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier QD® Contact Cleaner

Other means of identification
Product Code No. 03134 (Item# 1003411)

Recommended use Electronic contact cleaner

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Industries, Inc.
Address 885 Louis Dr.
Warminster, PA 18974 US

Telephone

General Information 215-674-4300
Technical Assistance 800-521-3168
Customer Service 800-272-4620
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC) 800-424-9300 (US)
Website www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Reproductive toxicity Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects
Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2

OSHA defined hazards Simple asphyxiant

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Collect spillage.

Storage

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen fluoride.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	40 - 50
1,1,1,3,3-pentafluorobutane	HFC-365mfc	406-58-6	20 - 30
2-methylpentane		107-83-5	20 - 30
2,2,4-trimethylpentane		540-84-1	5 - 10
n-hexane		110-54-3	1 - 3
methanol		67-56-1	< 1

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themselves. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen fluoride.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO₂ = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)	PEL	2350 mg/m ³ 500 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	260 mg/m ³ 200 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m ³ 100 ppm
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m ³ 500 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m ³ 385 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m ³ 75 ppm
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m ³ 510 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	TWA	350 mg/m3 100 ppm
	STEL	325 mg/m3 250 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	260 mg/m3 200 ppm
	TWA	400 mg/m3 100 ppm
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3 50 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.5 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedione, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.

Odor Alcoholic.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 104.2 °F (40.1 °C) estimated

Flash point < 0 °F (< -17.8 °C)

Evaporation rate Very fast.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) 0.9 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper (%) 36 % estimated

Vapor pressure 355.7 hPa estimated

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.74

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Negligible.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature 489.2 °F (254 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Percent volatile 100 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen fluoride. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Formaldehyde.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themselves. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
1,1,1,3,3-pentafluorobutane (CAS 406-58-6)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	118 mg/l, 4 Hours
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5628 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 1300 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	15840 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Not listed.		
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)		
Not regulated.		
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product	Species	Test Results	
QD® Contact Cleaner			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1.7295 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	1.5589 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components			
1,1,1,3,3-pentafluorobutane (CAS 406-58-6)			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Algae	EC50	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	> 114 mg/l, 72 hours
	NOEC	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	13.2 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	980 mg/l, 48 hours > 200 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
		Zebra danio (Danio rerio)	> 200 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Chronic</i>			
Fish	NOEC	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	38.2 mg/l, 30 days
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

1,1,1,3,3-pentafluorobutane	1.61
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	5.18
2-methylpentane	3.74
methanol	-0.77
n-hexane	3.9

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 25000
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Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information**DOT**

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Isohexane, Pentafluorobutane)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Isohexane, Pentafluorobutane)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Isohexane, Pentafluorobutane)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

DOT



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

N-HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1) Listed.

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed.

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed.

n-pentane (CAS 109-66-0) Listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1) 1000 LBS

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) 5000 LBS

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) 5000 LBS

n-pentane (CAS 109-66-0) 100 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

n-pentane (CAS 109-66-0)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard categories Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
 Skin corrosion or irritation
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation
 Reproductive toxicity
 Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
 Aspiration hazard
 Simple asphyxiant
 Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
methanol	67-56-1	< 1
n-hexane	110-54-3	1 - 3

US state regulations**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)
 2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)
 2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)
 2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed: December 15, 2017

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations**EPA**

VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) 74.9 %

Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) Not regulated

State

Consumer products This product is regulated as an Electronic Cleaner. This product is not compliant to be sold for use in California. This product is compliant in all other states.

VOC content (CA) 100 %

VOC content (OTC) 74.9 %

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	11-27-2018
Revision date	11-27-2018
Prepared by	Allison Yoon
Version #	02
Further information	CRC # 844/1002820
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Revision information	Transport Information: Material Transportation Information