



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>NAPA® Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Product Code</b>	No. 091314CA (Item# 1004395)
<b>Recommended use</b>	Brake cleaner
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Manufactured or sold by:</b>	
<b>Company name</b>	CRC Industries, Inc.
<b>Address</b>	885 Louis Dr. Warminster, PA 18974 US
<b>Telephone</b>	
<b>General Information</b>	215-674-4300
<b>Technical Assistance</b>	800-521-3168
<b>Customer Service</b>	800-272-4620
<b>24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)</b>	800-424-9300 (US)
<b>Website</b>	www.crcindustries.com

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility, the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 1 (central nervous system, eyes)
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (central nervous system, kidney, peripheral nervous system)
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

### Label elements



**Signal word**

Danger

**Hazard statement**

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Toxic if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes). May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, peripheral nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe the mist or vapor. Do not apply while equipment is energized.

Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor. Collect spillage.

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### Supplemental information

None.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
acetone		67-64-1	40 - 50
methanol		67-56-1	10 - 20
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	5 - 10
toluene		108-88-3	5 - 10
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear		426260-76-6	3 - 5
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	3 - 5
n-heptane		142-82-5	3 - 5
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.		64742-89-8	3 - 5
2-methylhexane		591-76-4	< 1
3-methylhexane		589-34-4	< 1
2,3-dimethylpentane		565-59-3	< 0.2
3-ethylpentane		617-78-7	< 0.2

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

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<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Fire-fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

## 6. Accidental release measures

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<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

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<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
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**Conditions for safe storage,  
including any incompatibilities**

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	260 mg/m3 200 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m3 100 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3 500 ppm
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3 100 ppm

**US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling TWA	300 ppm 200 ppm

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)	STEL	500 ppm
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	TWA STEL	400 ppm 500 ppm
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	TWA STEL	400 ppm 500 ppm
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	TWA STEL	400 ppm 500 ppm
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA STEL	400 ppm 500 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	TWA STEL	250 ppm 30000 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	TWA STEL	5000 ppm 250 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	TWA STEL	200 ppm 500 ppm
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	400 ppm 20 ppm

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
	TWA	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	5000 ppm 325 mg/m3
	TWA	250 ppm 260 mg/m3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	200 ppm 400 mg/m3
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	100 ppm 1800 mg/m3
	TWA	440 ppm 350 mg/m3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA	85 ppm 400 mg/m3
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	100 ppm 560 mg/m3
	TWA	150 ppm 375 mg/m3 100 ppm

**Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines**

**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Skin designation applies.  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

**US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

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### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Color</b>	Clear.
<b>Odor</b>	Solvent.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-195.9 °F (-126.6 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	132.9 °F (56.1 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	< 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Fast.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	1.1 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	36 % estimated
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	5157.4 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	> 1 (air = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	0.84 estimated
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Slightly soluble.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	539.6 °F (282 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	91.1 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

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<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Acids. Alkalies. Amines. Ammonia. Halogens. Aluminum. Magnesium. Zinc. Peroxides. Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides. Formaldehyde.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Toxic if swallowed. Even small amounts (30-250 ml methanol) may be fatal. Symptoms are stomach ache, nausea, vomiting, dullness, visual disorder and blindness. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
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3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)

#### **Acute**

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
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##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
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acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

#### **Acute**

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
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##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
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heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)

#### **Acute**

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
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##### **Inhalation**

LC50	Rat	> 60 mg/l, 4 hours
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##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
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naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

#### **Acute**

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
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n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

#### **Acute**

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
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solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)

#### **Acute**

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
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##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	> 3000 mg/kg
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Components	Species	Test Results
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	12.5 mg/l, 4 hours
* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.		
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>		
Not listed.		
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes). May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, peripheral nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	

## 12. Ecological information

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Ecotoxicity</b> Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
		4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna
		10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
		1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
		18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
		> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
		18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours



Components	Species	Test Results
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia 1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish 1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<i>Acute</i>		
Other	EC50	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata 433 mg/l, 96 hours 12.5 mg/l, 72 hours
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch) 5.5 mg/l, 96 hours

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

acetone	-0.24
methanol	-0.77
n-heptane	4.66
toluene	2.73

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 25000
toluene	90

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

**13. Disposal considerations**

<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F F003: Waste Non-halogenated Solvent - Spent Non-halogenated Solvent F005: Waste Non-halogenated Solvent - Spent Non-halogenated Solvent
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
<b>Disposal instructions</b>	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## 14. Transport information

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### DOT

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	6.1(PGIII)
<b>Label(s)</b>	2.1
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	N82
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	306
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	None
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	None

### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, containing substances in Division 6.1, Packing Group III
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	6.1(PGIII)
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>ERG Code</b>	10P
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	6.1(PGIII)
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	Not available.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

## 15. Regulatory information

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**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

### **SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

### **OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)**

Not regulated.

### **US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

### **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)

Listed.

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Listed.

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Listed.

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed.

### **CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity**

2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)

100 LBS

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

5000 LBS

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) 5000 LBS  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 1000 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

#### Other federal regulations

##### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

##### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

##### Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

##### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

##### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

##### DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

##### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Low priority

##### Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Classified hazard categories** Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Gas under pressure  
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)  
Skin corrosion or irritation  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Reproductive toxicity  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  
Aspiration hazard  
Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

##### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

##### SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

##### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
methanol	67-56-1	10 - 20
toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10

#### US state regulations

##### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)  
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)  
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

##### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)  
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)  
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)  
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)  
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)  
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### California Proposition 65



**WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm - [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov)

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

acetaldehyde (CAS 75-07-0)	Listed: April 1, 1988
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed: April 6, 2010
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed: April 19, 2002

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed: March 16, 2012
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
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#### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

##### EPA

<b>VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s))</b>	43.8 %
<b>Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)</b>	Not regulated

##### State

**Consumer products** This product is regulated as a Brake Cleaner. This product is not compliant to be sold for use in California, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, New Hampshire, and the following counties in Utah: Box Elder, Cache, Davis, Salt Lake, Tooele, Utah, and Weber. This product is compliant in all other states.

<b>VOC content (CA)</b>	43.8 %
<b>VOC content (OTC)</b>	43.8 %

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

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<b>Issue date</b>	05-13-2015
<b>Revision date</b>	04-30-2018
<b>Prepared by</b>	Allison Yoon
<b>Version #</b>	05
<b>Further information</b>	CRC # 991/1002986
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<b>Revision information</b>	Regulatory information: Consumer products