

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Safety Solvent III

**Other means of identification**

**Product code** BD1501

**Recommended use** Energized electrical cleaner

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

#### Distributed by:

**Company Name** Class C Solutions Group  
A business of MSC Industrial Supply Co.

**Address** 2595 Skymark Avenue  
Suite 202  
Mississauga ON L4W 4L5

**Telephone** 866-438-6767

**24-Hour Emergency  
(CHEMTREC)** 800-424-9300 (Canada)  
703-527-3887 (International)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
<b>Health hazards</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2B
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statement**

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

**Storage** Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.  
**Other hazards** None known.

#### Supplemental information

When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen chloride and possibly phosgene.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
tetrachloroethylene	perchloroethylene	127-18-4	80 - 100
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	1 - 5

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Skin contact** Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye contact** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed** May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media** Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen chloride and possibly phosgene.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters** Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**Fire fighting equipment/instructions** In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

**Specific methods** Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

**General fire hazards** Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

**7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Level 1 Aerosol.

Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120°F/49°C as can may burst. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits****US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	TWA	5000 ppm
	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
	TWA	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm
tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	STEL	678 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm 170 mg/m3 25 ppm

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	15000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
	TWA	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3
tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	STEL	5000 ppm 685 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm 170 mg/m3 25 ppm

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)	0.5 mg/l	Tetrachloroethylene	Blood	*
	3 ppm	Tetrachloroethylene	End-exhaled air	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection****Hand protection**

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Viton/butyl.

**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

**Thermal hazards**

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

**Physical state** Liquid.

<b>Form</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Color</b>	Colorless.
<b>Odor</b>	Irritating.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	50 ppm
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-8.1 °F (-22.3 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	250.3 °F (121.3 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	None (Tag Closed Cup)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Very fast.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	1352.4 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	5.76 (air = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	1.62
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	0.02 % (77 °F (25 °C))
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Partition coefficient (oil/water)</b>	2.88
<b>Percent volatile</b>	97.7 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat, flames and sparks. When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen chloride and possibly phosgene. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Oxygen. Peroxides. Powdered metal.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Hydrogen chloride. Chlorine. Phosgene. Carbon oxides.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Ingestion of large amounts may produce gastrointestinal disturbances including irritation, nausea, and diarrhea.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Not known.

**Components** **Species** **Test Results**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**Acute**

**Dermal**

LD50 Rabbit > 3228 mg/kg

**Oral**

LD50 Rat 2629 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes eye irritation.

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

**ACGIH Carcinogens**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

**Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

**Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity** This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Components** **Species** **Test Results**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**Aquatic**

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 4.73 - 5.27 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

tetrachloroethylene 2.88

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal of waste from residues / unused products</b>	Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	Not regulated.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

#### TDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS, non-flammable, containing substances in Class 6.1, packing group III
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	6.1(PGIII)
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	80

#### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, non-flammable, containing substances in Division 6.1, Packing Group III
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	6.1
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	2P
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

#### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	6.1
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	Not available.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

### 15. Regulatory information

#### Canadian regulations

<b>Canada. Excluded VOCs. Guidelines for Volatile Organic Compounds in Consumer Products. CEPA 1999. Environment Canada, as amended</b>	tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)
<b>Controlled Drugs and Substances Act</b>	Not regulated.
<b>Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)</b>	Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases**

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

**Ontario. Toxic Substances. Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)**

tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**Precursor Control Regulations**

Not regulated.

**International regulations****Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol**

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information****Issue date** 02-20-2017**Version #** 01**Further information** Control # 09652(1004627)/491G(1002481)**Disclaimer**

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