



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. Identification of the hazardous chemical substance or mixture and of the supplier or manufacturer

Name of the hazardous chemical substance or mixture	SP-400 Corrosion Inhibitor - 19 L	
Other means of identification		
Product Code	Item# 1751543	
Recommended use of the hazardous chemical substance or mixture, and restrictions of use		
Recommended use	Long term corrosion inhibitor	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Suppliers details		
Company name	CRC Industrias de Mexico S. de R. L. de C.V.	
Address	Cerrada Canadá 201-H Fraccionamiento Industrial Martel Santa Catarina, NL 66367 Mexico	
Telephone	General Information	81-2139-0572
Website	www.crc-mexico.com	
E-mail	SoporteTecnico@crcind.com	
Emergency phone number	24-Hour Emergency	01-800-681-9531

SECTION 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 5
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2B
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2

Elements of labeling, including precautionary statements and warning pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H313	May be harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H320	Causes eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing vapors.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
P391	Collect spillage.

Storage

P235	Keep cool.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.

Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
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Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

Supplemental information None.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**Mixtures**

Chemical identity	Common name(s), synonym(s)	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		64742-48-9	30 - 40
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	10 - 20
calcium carbonate		471-34-1	< 1

Composition comments Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4. First-aid measures**Description of necessary first-aid measures**

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective actions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor. Will burn if involved in a fire.

SECTION 6. Measures that must be taken in the event of accidental spillage or an accidental leak

Personal precautionary measures, protective equipment and emergency procedure

For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
Methods and materials for containing and cleaning up spills or releases	Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Prevent product from entering drains. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Mexico OELs: Skin designation

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Control banding approach Not available.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

Hazardous Chemicals (NOM-028-STPS-2012, System for administration of workplace safety in the process and critical equipment for handling hazardous chemicals, Appendix A, Table A.I, 9/6/2012)

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) 4600 KG

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Dark amber.

Odor	Petroleum.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	300 °F (148.9 °C) estimated
Flash point	119 °F (48.3 °C) Setflash
Evaporation rate	Slow.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.6 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	6 % estimated
Vapor pressure	2 hPa estimated
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	0.87
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	410 °F (210 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Molecular weight	Not available.
Other information	
Percent volatile	50.2 % estimated

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions that must be avoided	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

Information about likely routes of entry

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Components	Species	Test Results
calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 3 mg/l
Oral		
LD50	Rat	6450 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, 2.5 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Other information	Not available.	

SECTION 12. Ecotoxicological information

Toxicity	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Components			
calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (<i>Gambusia affinis</i>)	> 56000 mg/l, 96 hours
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.		

Bioaccumulative potential**Mobility in soil** No data available.**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**Disposal methods**

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. Transport information**SCT**

UN number	UN1268
Proper shipping name	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmentally hazardous	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Bulk special provisions	223

DOT

UN number	UN1268
Proper shipping name	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. or Petroleum products, n.o.s., MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	144, B1, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	203
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1268
Proper shipping name	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. or Petroleum products, n.o.s.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1268
Proper shipping name	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S., MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3

Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.
DOT	



IATA; IMDG; SCT



Marine pollutant



SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the hazard chemical substance or mixture in question

Mexico. Hazard identification guidance list (NOM-018-STPS)

calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	Listed.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	Listed.

Mexico. Substances subject to reporting for the pollutant release and transfer registry (PRTR)

Not listed.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

SECTION 16. Other included information relevant to the preparation and updating of safety data sheets

Issue date 05-30-2019**Version #** 01**List of abbreviations**

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

DOT: Department of Transportation (49 CFR 172.101).

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

SCT: Secretariat of Communications and Transportation (NOM-002-SCT/2011).

References

Workplace Threshold Quantities of Hazardous Chemicals

NOM-047-SSA1-2011 – Workplace Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) to Chemical Substances

NOM-028-STPS-2012 – Work-Safety Management System for Processes and Critical Equipment Handling Hazardous Chemical Substances

NOM-018-STPS-2000 – Workplace Hazardous Chemical Substances Communication and Identification Standard

NOM-010-STPS-2014 (second revision) – Occupational Exposure Limits – becomes effective on April 28, 2016

Further information

CRC # 523B/1002532

Disclaimer

This information is considered accurate but is not exhaustive and shall only be used as a guideline based on current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture. Safety precautions suitable for the product must be applied.

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Industrias de Mexico S. de R. L. de C.V..