



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Chlor-Free® Degreaser
Other means of identification	
Product Code	No. 03188 (Item# 1003443)
Recommended use	General purpose degreaser
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufactured or sold by:	
Company name	CRC Industries, Inc.
Address	885 Louis Dr. Warminster, PA 18974 US
Telephone	
General Information	215-674-4300
Technical Assistance	800-521-3168
Customer Service	800-272-4620
24-Hour Emergency	800-424-9300 (US)
(CHEMTREC)	703-527-3887 (International)
Website	www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 1 (central nervous system, eyes)
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes). Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor. In case of fire: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Collect spillage.

Storage

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
cyclohexane		110-82-7	70 - 80
ethanol		64-17-5	10 - 20
2-methylpentane		107-83-5	5 - 10
methanol		67-56-1	3 - 5
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	3 - 5
n-hexane		110-54-3	< 1
methyl isobutyl ketone		108-10-1	< 0.2

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This product is miscible in water. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection
Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	300 ppm
		1900 mg/m3
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	1000 ppm
		260 mg/m3
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	200 ppm
		410 mg/m3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	100 ppm
		400 mg/m3
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	100 ppm
		1800 mg/m3
		500 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	1000 ppm
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	75 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3
	TWA	510 ppm
		350 mg/m3
cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm
		1050 mg/m3
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	300 ppm
		1900 mg/m3
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	1000 ppm
		325 mg/m3
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	250 ppm
		260 mg/m3
		200 ppm
		300 mg/m3

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	75 ppm
		205 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
		400 mg/m ³
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	100 ppm
		180 mg/m ³
		50 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio ne, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Viton/butyl.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.

Form	Liquid.
Color	Water-white.
Odor	Mild solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-244.7 °F (-153.7 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	118.4 °F (48 °C) estimated
Flash point	< 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Fast.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	36 % estimated
Vapor pressure	139.7 hPa estimated
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	0.76
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	489.2 °F (254 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Percent volatile	100 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Formaldehyde.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	29820 mg/kg
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	6.2 g/kg
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2080 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 1300 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	15840 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)		
	Not regulated.	
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
	Not listed.	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes). May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	

Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>)	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>)	5012 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	> 10000 mg/l, 96 hours
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>)	492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-methylpentane	3.74
cyclohexane	3.44
ethanol	-0.31
methanol	-0.77
methyl isobutyl ketone	1.31
n-hexane	3.9

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 25000
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Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (cyclohexane RQ = 1360 LBS, ethanol RQ = 978 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (cyclohexane, ethanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (cyclohexane, ethanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	Not regulated.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)	Not regulated.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
 methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Listed.
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed.
 methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) 1000 LBS
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1) 5000 LBS
 methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 5000 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number**

methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Low priority
 methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Low priority

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

Classified hazard categories Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
 Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
 Skin corrosion or irritation
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation
 Carcinogenicity
 Reproductive toxicity
 Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
 Aspiration hazard
 Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
cyclohexane	110-82-7	70 - 80
methanol	67-56-1	3 - 5
n-hexane	110-54-3	< 1

US state regulations**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
 cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
 ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
 methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: February 27, 1987
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997
methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) 100 %

Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) Not regulated

State

Consumer products This product is not for retail sale. It is for use in the manufacturing process only.

VOC content (CA) 100 %

VOC content (OTC) 100 %

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	12-27-2017
Revision date	12-27-2017
Prepared by	Allison Yoon
Version #	03
Further information	CRC # 463A-C/1008112-1002461
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0 Personal protection: B
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



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