1. Identification

Product identifier: White Lithium Grease - 10 oz
Other means of identification:
Product Code: No. 05037 (Item# 1003654)
Recommended use: Lubricating grease
Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
Manufactured or sold by:
Company name: CRC Industries, Inc.
Address: 885 Louis Dr.
Warminster, PA 18974 US
Telephone:
General Information: 215-674-4300
Technical Assistance: 800-521-3168
Customer Service: 800-272-4620
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC): 800-424-9300 (US)
Website: www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards
- Flammable aerosols Category 1
- Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards
- Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
- Sensitization, skin Category 1
- Carcinogenicity Category 2
- Reproductive toxicity Category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects
- Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 2
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2

OSHA defined hazards
Not classified.

Label elements
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statement:
Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement

Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response
If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information
None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>liquefied petroleum gas</td>
<td></td>
<td>68476-86-8</td>
<td>30 - 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light</td>
<td></td>
<td>64742-49-0</td>
<td>30 - 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic</td>
<td></td>
<td>64742-52-5</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-methylpentane</td>
<td></td>
<td>107-83-5</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-hexane</td>
<td></td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>zinc oxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>&lt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate)</td>
<td></td>
<td>57855-77-3</td>
<td>&lt; 0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>&lt; 0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact
Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions
In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

General fire hazards
Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Mist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2000 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>400 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>1800 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50 mppcf</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mppcf</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>1800 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>510 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>350 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>1800 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Mist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Mist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>400 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>180 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Biological limit values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)</td>
<td>0.5 mg/l</td>
<td>2,5-Hexanedione, without hydrolysis</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Exposure guidelines

**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Danger of cutaneous absorption

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

- **Eye/face protection**
  - Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

- **Skin protection**
  - Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Viton/butyl.

- **Hand protection**
  - Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

- **Respiratory protection**
  - If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

- **Thermal hazards**
  - Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

- **General hygiene considerations**
  - Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.
### 9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Aerosol. Grease.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Off-white.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Solvent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>118.4 °F (48 °C) estimated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&lt; 0 °F (&lt; -17.8 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Fast.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability limit - lower (%)</td>
<td>1 % estimated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability limit - upper (%)</td>
<td>8 % estimated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>2379.3 hPa estimated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density</td>
<td>&gt; 1 (air = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>0.64 estimated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility (water)</td>
<td>Insoluble.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>489.2 °F (254 °C) estimated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent volatile</td>
<td>98.9 % estimated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10. Stability and reactivity

- **Reactivity**: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
- **Chemical stability**: Material is stable under normal conditions.
- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
- **Conditions to avoid**: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
- **Incompatible materials**: Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates.
- **Hazardous decomposition products**: Carbon oxides.

### 11. Toxicological information

- **Information on likely routes of exposure**
  - **Inhalation**: May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
  - **Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  - **Eye contact**: Causes eye irritation.
  - **Ingestion**: Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
- **Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**: Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dermal</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dermal</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 1300 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>15840 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dermal</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 10000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 10000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)
- 2-methylpentane: 3.74
- n-hexane: 3.9

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
- naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light: 10 - 25000
- titanium dioxide: 352
- zinc oxide: 60690

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code: D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Contaminated packaging: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT
UN number: UN1950
UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es):
- Class: 2.1
- Subsidiary risk: -
Packing group: Not applicable.
Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions: N82
Packaging exceptions: 306
Packaging non bulk: None
Packaging bulk: None
Other information:
- Passenger and cargo aircraft: Allowed with restrictions.
- Cargo aircraft only: Allowed with restrictions.

IATA
UN number: UN1950
UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es):
- Class: 2.1
- Subsidiary risk: -
Packing group: Not applicable.
ERG Code: 10L
Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information:
- Passenger and cargo aircraft: Allowed with restrictions.
- Cargo aircraft only: Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG
UN number: UN1950
UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es):
- Class: 2.1
- Subsidiary risk: -
Packing group: Not applicable.
Environmental hazards:
- Marine pollutant: Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
EmS: Not available.
Special precautions for user  Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

DOT; IMDG

IATA

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations  This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)
Not listed.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  5000 LBS
Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Other federal regulations
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)  Not regulated.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)  Not regulated.
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard categories
- Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
- Gas under pressure
- Skin corrosion or irritation
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation
- Respiratory or skin sensitization
- Carcinogenicity
- Reproductive toxicity
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
- Aspiration hazard
- Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
- Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
- Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>% by wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>n-hexane</td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
- 2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
- naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
- titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
- zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
- 2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
- naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
- titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
- zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
- 2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)
- naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
- titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
- zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK
- distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
- naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
- titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
- titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin
- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed: December 15, 2017

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
- distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
- liquefied petroleum gas (CAS 68476-86-8)
- naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)
- n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
- titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA
VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) 100 %
Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) Not regulated

State
Consumer products This product is regulated as a Multi-Purpose Lubricant. This product is not compliant to be sold for use in California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and parts of Utah and Virginia. This product is compliant in all other states.

VOC content (CA) 84.7 %
VOC content (OTC) 84.7 %

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*"Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

"No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-20-2020
Prepared by Dustin Kern
Version # 01
Further information CRC # 568F-G/1002591-1002592

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Revision information Product and Company Identification: Product and Company Identification
Composition / Information on Ingredients: Disclosure Overrides
Fire-fighting measures: Specific methods
Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties
Disposal considerations: Disposal instructions
Transport Information: Material Transportation Information
Regulatory information: Consumer products
GHS: Classification